Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Resident Representative: A Peer-Led Approach to Increase Residents' Knowledge and Comfort with Root Cause Analyses

Patrick Buckley, Luke Swider, Priyanka Amin

Introduction: Resident education about patient safety and quality improvement is important for their development as physicians and an ACGME common program requirement. In 2019, our psychiatry residency program created a new leadership role, the Patient Safety and Quality Improvement (PSQI) Resident Representative, to coordinate trainee involvement in quality and safety initiatives under the supervision of a faculty mentor. The PSQI Resident Representative's initial focus was to invite all interns to observe a root cause analysis (RCA) and provide education and support to residents participating in RCAs. Here, we present survey results assessing our residents' knowledge and comfort with RCAs before and after the creation of the PSQI Resident Representative role.

Methodology: Anonymous electronic surveys were sent to all psychiatry residents and child and adolescent psychiatry fellows at our institution in February 2018 and again in April 2021, approximately two years after the creation of the PSQI Resident Representative role. Resident knowledge and attitudes about RCAs were assessed using Likert scales and compared between years using unpaired two-tailed t-tests. This project was approved by our institution's Quality Improvement Review Committee.

Results: Survey results are summarized below.

	Pre-PSQI	Post-PSQI	
Survey Question	Representative	Representative	p-value
	(2018, n=36)	(2021, n=26)	
"I am knowledgeable about what occurs at	3.72	3.77	0.85
an RCA."			
"I feel comfortable participating in an RCA."	3.00	3.62	0.04
"I feel there is transparency regarding what	2.81	3.31	0.13
is discussed at RCA."			
"I feel that clinical practice has been changed	2.75	3.15	0.09
based on recommendations from RCAs."			
"I am likely to refer my own case for an RCA."	2.55	3.27	0.02

Notes: 1 indicates "Strongly Disagree" and 5 indicates "Strongly Agree". Mean values are presented. Bold = p < 0.05

<u>Conclusion:</u> The creation of the PSQI resident representative was associated with a statistically significant increase in resident comfort with RCAs and increased willingness to refer their own cases for RCA review. Given the positive response, the PSQI resident representative role has since expanded to include QI curriculum development and implementation, dissemination of information concerning patient safety events and outcomes to the residency program, and connection of trainees with faculty mentors for QI projects within the department.

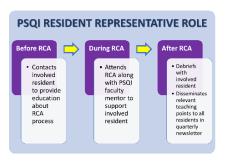
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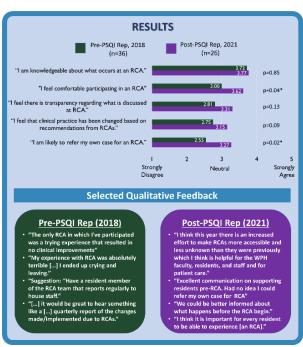
INTRODUCTION

- Resident participation in root cause analyses (RCAs) or similar activities is an ACGME common program requirement¹
- Survey data from 2018 suggested that residents at WPH were knowledgeable about RCAs but less comfortable participating in them
- The Patient Safety & Quality Improvement (PSQI)
 Resident Representative role was created in 2019 to provide peer support and education to
 WPH residents involved in RCAs





Was the creation of the PSQI Resident Rep associated with a change in trainee attitudes around RCAs?



DISCUSSION

- Creation of the PSQI resident representative role associated with a statistically significant increase in resident comfort with RCAs and increased willingness to refer their own cases for RCA review.
- Other psychiatric training programs have published QI curricula,²⁻⁴ but to our knowledge, this is the first peer-led PSQI program for psychiatric residents
- Advantages: Leadership experience for PSQI resident representative; responsive to resident needs



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